Table 1. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 2012

Industry ²		annual recordab		Cases wit			
	NAICS code ³		Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
All industries including State and local government ⁶			3.8	1.8	0.9	0.9	2.0
Private industry ⁶			3.6	1.8	0.9	0.9	1.8
Goods-producing ⁶			5.1	2.7	1.4	1.2	2.4
Natural resources and mining ^{6,7}			6.3	4.1	3.0	1.1	2.2
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting ⁶	11		7.7	4.0	2.1	1.9	3.7
Crop production (scope changed in 2009) ⁶	111 112		4.1 7.7	(¹⁰) 3.5	(¹⁰) 2.7	(¹⁰) 0.9	3.1 4.1
Mining ⁷	21		5.3	4.2	3.7	0.4	
Mining (except oil and gas) ⁸ . Support activities for mining.			2.1 4.5	(¹⁰) 3.0	(¹⁰) 2.8	(¹⁰) (¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Construction			5.0	2.6	1.9	0.7	2.4
Construction	23		5.0	2.6	1.9	0.7	2.4
Construction of buildings	237	 	2.6 4.9 5.8	1.0 3.4 2.9	0.8 1.9 2.2	0.2 1.6 0.7	1.6 1.5 2.9
Manufacturing			4.9	2.5	1.1	1.4	2.4
Manufacturing	31-33		4.9	2.5	1.1	1.4	2.4
Food manufacturing		 	6.6 (¹⁰) 2.9	4.1 (¹⁰) 1.6	0.9 (¹⁰) 0.9	3.1 (¹⁰) 0.7	2.5 (¹⁰) 1.3
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Table 1. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 2012 -- Continued

Industry ²		2012 Average Total recordable employment ⁴ cases		Cases with tra			
	NAICS code ³		recordable	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Chemical manufacturing			2.1	1.0	0.6	0.4	1.1
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)			4.5	2.4	1.4	1.1	2.1
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing			5.3	3.1	2.2	0.8	2.3
Primary metal manufacturing			7.9 6.6	4.4 2.6	1.3 0.9	3.1 1.7	3.5 4.0
Machinery manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)			6.0	2.4	1.4	1.7	3.6
Computer and electronic product manufacturing			1.2	0.5	0.4	(¹⁰)	0.7
Electrical equipment, appliance, and component manufacturing			3.9	1.7	0.4	1.3	2.1
Transportation equipment manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	336		4.2	2.2	1.2	1.0	2.0
Furniture and related product manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	337		7.2	3.5	1.0	2.4	3.8
Service-providing			3.1	1.5	0.7	0.8	1.6
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁹			4.1	2.3	1.1	1.3	1.8
Wholesale trade	42		3.3	1.9	0.8	1.1	1.5
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods			3.4	2.1	1.2	0.9	1.3
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods			4.4	2.3	0.8	1.6	2.1
Wholesale electronic markets and agents and brokers	425		1.3	0.6	0.2	0.4	0.6
Retail trade	44-45		4.2	2.2	0.7	1.5	2.0
Motor vehicle and parts dealers			4.8	1.9	0.5	1.4	2.8
Furniture and home furnishings stores			5.4	5.0	1.6	3.3	0.4
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers			5.8	2.8	1.7	1.1	3.0
Food and beverage stores	445 446		3.8 2.4	2.3 0.9	0.8 0.9	1.5 (¹⁰)	1.6 1.4
Gasoline stations	440		3.9	1.6	0.9	0.7	2.3
General merchandise stores	452		5.4	3.3	0.6	2.7	2.1
Transportation and warehousing ⁹	48-49		4.5	3.2	2.2	1.0	1.3
Air transportation	481		(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)		(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Rail transportation ⁹	482		1.4	0.8	0.7	(10)	0.6
Truck transportation	484		4.6	3.6	3.0	0.6	1.0

Table 1. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 2012 -- Continued

Industry ²		2012			n work, job on	Other recordable cases	
	NAICS code ³ Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction		
Transit and ground passenger transportation			5.3	4.4	2.5	2.0	0.8
Couriers and messengers	492		10.2	6.3	3.1	3.1	4.0
Warehousing and storage	493	-	4.3	3.1	1.7	1.4	1.2
Utilities	22		5.2	2.5	1.3	1.2	2.7
Utilities	221		5.2	2.5	1.3	1.2	2.7
Information			1.2	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.8
Information	51		1.2	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.8
Telecommunications (scope changed in 2009)				0.2	0.2	(¹⁰)	
Other information services (scope changed in 2009)	519		(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(10)	(¹⁰)
Financial activities			1.2	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.7
Finance and insurance	52		0.8	0.1	0.1	(¹⁰)	0.7
Real estate and rental and leasing	53		2.8	2.1	1.5	0.6	0.7
Real estate (scope changed in 2009)			3.2 7.7	2.7 (¹⁰)	2.0 (¹⁰)	0.7 (¹⁰)	0.6 7.7
Professional and business services			1.5	0.7	0.3	0.4	0.8
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54		0.4	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3
Management of companies and enterprises	55		1.0	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.6
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services \dots	. 56						
Waste management and remediation services	562		5.4	4.5	2.1	2.4	0.9
Education and health services			4.4	1.9	0.7	1.1	2.5

Table 1. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 2012 -- Continued

Industry ²		NAICS Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with			
	_			Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Educational services	61		2.4	0.6	0.5	(¹⁰)	1.8
Health care and social assistance	62		4.5	2.0	0.7	1.2	2.6
Ambulatory health care services	621 622		2.2 6.1	0.6 2.3	0.3 0.8	0.3 1.6	1.5 3.8
Nursing and residential care facilities	623 624		7.1 3.2	4.0 1.2	1.5 0.6	2.5 0.6	3.1 2.0
Leisure and hospitality			3.4	1.3	0.7	0.6	2.2
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71		2.2	0.8	0.4	0.4	1.4
Museums, historical sites, and similar institutions			6.3 1.6	(¹⁰) 0.9	(¹⁰) 0.4	(¹⁰) 0.5	5.7 0.7
Accommodation and food services	72		3.6	1.3	0.8	0.6	2.3
Accommodation	721 722		4.2 3.5	2.2 1.2	1.1 0.7	1.1 0.5	2.0 2.3
Other services			2.6	1.1	0.7	0.4	1.5
Other services, except public administration	81		2.6	1.1	0.7	0.4	1.5
Repair and maintenance	811 812 813	 	3.7 2.8 1.2	0.7 1.7 0.9	0.5 1.1 0.5	 0.7 0.4	3.0 1.0 0.3
State and local government							
Local government			5.2	1.6	1.1	0.5	3.6
Service-providing			5.2	1.6	1.1	0.5	3.6

Table 1. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 2012 -- Continued

Industry ²	NAICS Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)		Cases with				
		annual employment ⁴	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁹			5.6	2.4	1.7	(¹⁰)	3.2
Utilities	22		5.7	2.5	1.7	(¹⁰)	3.2
Utilities	221		5.7	2.5	1.7	(¹⁰)	3.2
Education and health services			4.7	1.4	0.9	0.5	3.3
Educational services	61		4.3	1.3	0.9	0.4	3.0
Educational services	611		4.3	1.3	0.9	0.4	3.0
Health care and social assistance	62		6.8	2.1	1.4	0.8	4.7
Hospitals		 	6.7 7.0	2.1 (¹⁰)	1.4 (¹⁰)	0.6 	4.7 4.2

Table 1. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 2012 -- Continued

		2012 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			
Industry ²	NAICS code ³			Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Public administration	92		6.5 6.5	2.1 2.1	1.4 1.4	0.7 0.7	4.4

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during

the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers

(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁸ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ North American Industry Classification System 2007 Edition

⁴ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages. Employment data are not available from 2012 onward.

Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁶ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁷ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and

⁹ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

¹⁰ Data too small to be displayed.